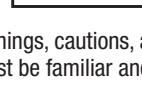


THIS TOOL IS FOR USE ONLY BY LICENSED OPERATORS. YOU MUST OBTAIN A LICENSE BEFORE USING IT. TO OBTAIN YOUR LICENSE AND ACTIVATE THE WARRANTY, READ THE ENTIRE MANUAL AND SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETE THE POWDER ACTUATED TOOL LICENSING EXAM AT: www.ramset.com OR SCAN THE QR CODE WITH YOUR MOBILE DEVICE.



ESTA HERRAMIENTA ES SÓLO PARA USO POR OPERADORES CON LICENCIA. DEBES OBTENER UNA LICENCIA ANTES DE USARLA. PARA OBTENER TU LICENCIA Y ACTIVAR LA GARANTÍA, LEE EL MANUAL COMPLETO Y COMPLETA SATISFACTORIAMENTE EL EXAMEN DE LICENCIATURA DE HERRAMIENTAS ACCIONADAS POR ELECTRICIDAD EN: www.ramset.com O ESCANEAL CÓDIGO QR CON TU DISPOSITIVO MÓVIL.

Safety Precautions To Avoid Serious Injury or Death



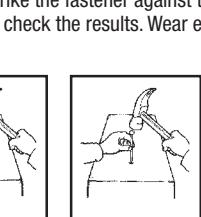
Warning! The following pages contain detailed warnings, cautions, and rules of safe operation with which the operator must be familiar and follow to avoid serious injury or death.

Before Loading and Firing Protect Yourself and Others

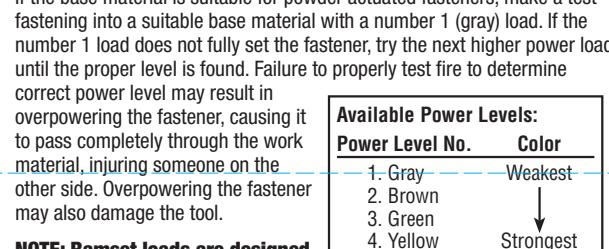
- Never place your hand or fingers over the front muzzle of the tool - the fastener or piston can seriously injure your hand in the event of an accidental discharge.
- Always use only Ramset fasteners and loads at all times for consistent tool functioning.
- Operators and bystanders must wear eye and hearing protection at all times. Serious eye injury and hearing loss can result if proper gear is not worn.
- Keep work area clear and where required always post warning signs when using the tool. Sign should state, "Powder Actuated Tool in Use" and can be obtained by contacting Technical Services at 1-877-ITW-BRANDS (1-877-489-2726).

Prepare for Loading

Prior to using the tool, make sure it is unloaded and then do the functional check: Check the functioning of the tool, without a powder load or fastener, by pushing down against the work surface, compressing the back end of tool, pulling the trigger and releasing the tool from the work surface.



Repeat this several times to insure tool is operating properly. Always check the material being fastened into, by performing the Center Punch Test: Using a fastener as a center punch, strike the fastener against the work surface using an average hammer blow and check the results. Wear eye protection while performing this test.



(Typical base materials: poured concrete, structural steel and masonry.)

If the base material is suitable for powder actuated fasteners, make a test fastening into a suitable base material with a number 1 (gray) load. If the number 1 load does not fully set the fastener, try the next higher power load until the proper level is found. Failure to properly test fire to determine correct power level may result in overpowering the fastener, causing it to pass completely through the work material, injuring someone on the other side. Overpowering the fastener may also damage the tool.

Available Power Levels:

Power Level No. Color

1. Gray	Weakest
2. Brown	
3. Green	
4. Yellow	Strongest

NOTE: Ramset loads are designed for use with Ramset tools.

Do not attempt to use other power loads. Doing so may lead to unintentional load discharge as well as damage to the tool. This tool is NOT designed to use red (5) or purple (6) power level loads. Using red (5) or purple (6) loads can result in serious injury to the operator or bystanders.

Operating the Tool

- Always point the tool away from people and in a safe direction.
- Never use tool when explosives or flammable materials are nearby.
- Never fire the tool without a fastener. The piston will protrude from the muzzle of the tool, enter the work surface and possibly cause injury to the operator or a bystander. Firing without a fastener may also damage the tool.
- Always hold the tool perpendicular to the work surface to avoid serious injury or death from ricochetting fasteners. Use a spall guard* whenever possible.
- * To order optional spall guard, call 1-877-ITW-BRANDS (1-877-489-2726)
- Never set a fastener too close to another fastening or a free edge. This can cause the fastener to ricochet. Always follow the minimum spacing and edge distance requirements.
- Never fire into very hard or brittle materials such as cast iron, tile, glass or rock. These materials can shatter, causing sharp fragments and/or the fastener to fly freely.
- Never fasten into structural steel base material thinner than 3/16". Never fasten into concrete base material thinner than 3 times shank penetration. Always maintain minimum penetration requirements.
- Fastening into block and masonry is not recommended. When it is necessary to fasten into masonry walls, it is recommended that fasteners be driven into the horizontal joints only. Published holding values for these materials is not available due to the inconsistency of the materials.
- Never fasten through or into a hole. Always maintain at least 1/2" distance from any pre-drilled or pre-punched hole.
- Should you decide not to make a fastening after the tool has been loaded, always remove the powder load first, then the fastener. Never attempt to pry an unfired load out of the tool. Call The Technical Department at 1-877-ITW-BRANDS (1-877-489-2726) for assistance.

Handling Tool and Powder Loads

- Never leave a loaded tool unattended. Someone may pick it up, not know it is loaded and accidentally discharge the tool causing serious injury or death. Never load the tool until you are prepared to complete the fastening. Always store loads and tool, unloaded, under lock and key.
- Never carry fasteners or other hard objects in the same pocket or container with powder loads. The loads could be set off, causing serious injury or death.
- A person that is color blind must be extra careful when loading the tool. One must only take a load from a box that is identified by powder load number. Never use loose loads that can be misidentified.
- Powder loads must never be used in firearms. They are more powerful than the charges normally used in small firearms. This could result in serious injury or death.

Fasteners

- A powder actuated fastener, after it has been installed, is considered a permanent fastening. Do not attempt to pull a fastener out of concrete or steel. Attempting to do so may result in serious injury.

Operating Problems

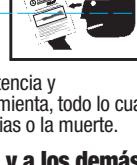
- If the tool fails to fire, hold the tool firmly against the material for 30 seconds. Remove the tool from the work surface, open the barrel to reset the piston. Re-chamber the load and repeat firing sequence. If the tool fails to fire again, hold for 30 seconds, unload the tool, and then discard the load into a bucket of water. Never attempt to pry an unfired load out of the tool. Call The Technical Department at 1-877-ITW-BRANDS (1-877-489-2726) for assistance.
- Never unload or disassemble a jammed, stuck or broken tool which contains a live powder load. This may cause the tool to fire unintentionally. Always point a jammed tool away from yourself and other people. Immediately store a jammed or broken tool in a locked container after tagging it "Defective - Do Not Use". Call 1-877-ITW-BRANDS (1-877-489-2726) for technical assistance.

Ramset Fastener Selection Guide

.300 Head Plastic Fluted Drive Pins		.300 Head Plastic Fluted Drive Pins with 7/8" Washer	
Shank Length	Shank Diameter	Shank Length	Shank Diameter
1/2"	.145	1"	.145
5/8"	.145	1-1/4"	.145
3/4"	.145	1-1/2"	.145
1"	.145	2"	.145
1-1/4"	.145	2-1/2"	.145
1-1/2"	.145	3"	.145
1-3/4"	.145		
2"	.145		
2-3/8"	.145		
2-1/2"	.145		
3"	.145		

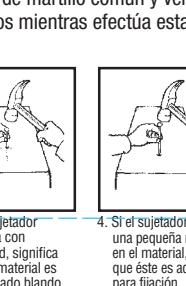


MEDIDAS DE SEGURIDAD PARA EVITAR LESIONES SERIAS O LA MUERTE



Advertencia! Las siguientes páginas contienen avisos de advertencia y precaución, así como reglas para operar con seguridad la herramienta, todo lo cual debe conocer y seguir el operador para evitar sufrir lesiones serias o la muerte.

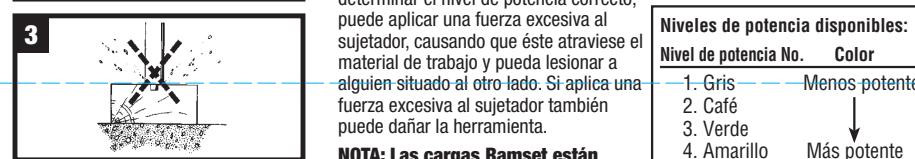
Antes de cargar y disparar protejase usted mismo y a los demás



Preparación para la carga

Antes de usar la herramienta asegúrese de que esté descargada y entonces realice la revisión de funcionamiento siguiente:

Revise el funcionamiento de la herramienta sin carga de pólvora ni sujetador; para ello, empújela contra la superficie de trabajo, asegurándose de que la ranura del barril se alinee con las marcas del receptor. Repita esto varias veces para asegurarse de que esté funcionando correctamente la herramienta. Siempre revise el material en el que vaya a fijar; para ello efectúe la Prueba del Punzón de Marcar. Usando un sujetador como punzón de marcar, pique la superficie de trabajo con un golpe de martillo común y verifique los resultados. Tenga puesta protección para los ojos mientras efectúa esta prueba.



(Materiales base básicos: concreto, acero estructural y mampostería.)

Si el material base es adecuado para sujetadores fijados con herramienta de pólvora, realice una prueba fijando un sujetador en un material base adecuado con una carga del número 1 (gris). Si la carga del número 1 no clava completamente el sujetador, pruebe con una carga del siguiente número más alto hasta que encuentre el nivel adecuado. Si no realiza disparos de prueba para determinar el nivel de potencia correcto, puede aplicar una fuerza excesiva al sujetador, causando que éste atraviese el material de trabajo y pueda lesionar a alguien situado al otro lado. Si aplica una fuerza excesiva al sujetador también puede dañar la herramienta.

Niveles de potencia disponibles: Nivel de potencia No. Color

1. Gris	Menos potente
2. Café	
3. Verde	
4. Amarillo	Más potente

NOTA: Las cargas Ramset están fabricadas para usarse con herramientas de dicha marca.

No intente usar otras cargas. Si lo hace puede causar una descarga accidental con los consecuentes daños a la herramienta. Esta herramienta NO está fabricada para usar cargas rojas (5) ni moradas (6). Si se utilizan cargas rojas (5) o moradas (6), el operador o los circunstantes pueden sufrir lesiones.

Manejo de la herramienta

- Siempre apunte la herramienta lejos de las personas y en una dirección segura.
- NUNCA use la herramienta cuando haya cerca explosivos o materiales inflamables.

- NUNCA dispare la herramienta sin tener un sujetador puesto. El pistón saldrá por el extremo de la boca de la herramienta, penetrará la superficie de trabajo y posiblemente cause lesiones al operador o a un espectador. Si dispara sin tener un sujetador puesto, también puede dañar la herramienta.

- Siempre mantenga la herramienta perpendicular a la superficie de trabajo para evitar sufrir lesiones serias o la muerte a causa de sujetadores que reboten. Siempre que sea posible utilice un protector contra descascaramiento*.

* Para pedir el protector contra descascaramiento optativo, llame al 1-877-ITW-BRANDS (1-877-489-2726)

- NUNCA fije un sujetador demasiado cerca de otro sujetador o de un borde libre. Esto puede causar un rebote del sujetador. Siempre respete los requisitos mínimos de separación entre sujetadores y de distancia con respecto a bordes.

- NUNCA dispare en materiales muy duros o quebradizos como hierro fundido, azulejo, vidrio o piedra. Estos materiales pueden romperse y causar que salgan volando fragmentos afilados y/o el sujetador.

- NUNCA fije nada en material base de acero estructural de un espesor inferior a 3/16". Nunca fije nada en material base de concreto de un espesor inferior a 3 veces la longitud de penetración del sujetador. Siempre respete los requisitos mínimos de penetración.

- No se recomienda fijar en bloques o en mampostería. Cuando es necesario fijar en paredes de mampostería, se recomienda introducir los sujetadores sólo en las uniones horizontales. No hay valores de fuerza de sujeción publicados de estos materiales debido a la falta de uniformidad de éstos.

- NUNCA fije ningún sujetador en un agujero o a través de éste. Siempre mantenga una distancia mínima de 1/2" de cualquier agujero previamente taladrado o perforado.

- Si decide no realizar la fijación después de haber cargado la herramienta, siempre retire primero la carga de pólvora, y luego el sujetador. Nunca intente extraer de la herramienta la carga a fuerza. Para recibir ayuda, llame al Depto. Técnico, al 1-877-ITW-BRANDS (1-877-489-2726).

Manejo de la herramienta y de las cargas de pólvora

- NUNCA deje desatendida una herramienta cargada. Alguien puede tomarla, sin saber que está cargada, dispararla accidentalmente, y causar lesiones serias o la muerte. Nunca cargue la herramienta sino hasta que esté preparado para fijar el sujetador. Siempre guarde la herramienta (descargada) y las cargas bajo llave.

- NUNCA lleve sujetadores ni otros objetos duros en el mismo bolsillo o recipiente donde tenga cargas de pólvora. Las cargas podrían dispararse y causar lesiones serias o la muerte.

- Las personas que padecen daltonismo deben tener extremo cuidado al cargar la herramienta. Debe tomar la carga sólo de una caja identificada con el número de la carga de pólvora. Nunca use cargas sueltas que puedan identificarse de manera errónea.

- NUNCA deben usarse las cargas de pólvora con armas de fuego. Son más potentes que las cargas usadas normalmente con armas de fuego. Podrían producirse lesiones serias o la muerte.

Sujetadores

- Una vez instalado con herramienta de pólvora un sujetador, se considera fijado de forma permanente. No intente extraer de concreto o acero un sujetador instalado. Si lo intenta puede causarse lesiones serias.

Problemas en el funcionamiento de la herramienta

- Si la herramienta no dispara, manténgala firmemente puesta contra el material por 30 segundos. Retire la herramienta de la superficie de trabajo y abra el barril para reajustar el pistón. Vuelva a colocar la carga en la cámara y repita la secuencia de disparo. Si la herramienta no dispara de nuevo, manténgala en su lugar por 30 segundos, descárguela y luego deseche la carga en un balde de agua. Nunca intente extraer de la herramienta la carga a fuerza. Para recibir ayuda, llame al Depto. Técnico, al 1-877-ITW-BRANDS (1-877-489-2726).

- NUNCA descargue ni desarapse la herramienta si está trabada, pegada o descompuesta y contiene una carga de pólvora en buen estado. La herramienta podría dispararse accidentalmente. Siempre apunte toda herramienta trabada lejos de usted y de las demás personas. De inmediato guarde la herramienta trabada o descompuesta en un recipiente con cerradura de llave después de ponerle una etiqueta de "Defectuosa - No Usar" ("Defective - Do Not Use").

Guía Para Seleccionar Sujetadores Ramset

Clavos con cabeza de 0.300" y estribs de plástico		Clavos con cabeza de 0.300"; estribos de plástico y arandela de 7/8"	

Read Reverse Side First

Caution! Be sure to read and understand all safety precautions and complete the Operator's Exam before attempting to operate the tool. Check to be sure the tool is unloaded and no foreign objects or fasteners are in the barrel. Perform daily function test before operating.

OPERATION

Check the functioning of the tool, **without a powder load or fastener** in the tool, by pushing down against the work surface. Depress muzzle bushing on the work surface and pull the trigger. You should hear an audible click as the firing pin releases. Function unloaded tool several times and insure that the breech parts and firing mechanism operate freely before fastening with the tool.

1. Point the tool in a safe direction and slide the barrel forward with your other hand. This action resets the piston for the next fastening. Loss of power may be the result of an improperly reset piston.

2. Place a fastener, point out, into the front end of the barrel until the plastic fluted tip fits inside. **Always load the fastener before inserting the power load to prevent accidental discharge.** Do not use excessive force when inserting the fastener. Stop if excessive force is required and call 1-877-ITW-BRANDS for technical assistance.

3. Insert the powder load after making sure the chamber is clear. The powder load will not fully set until the tool is compressed against the work surface. Always start with the lowest level and increase until the proper level is found. Note: Overpowering a fastener into steel or concrete is dangerous.

Note: Before making the fastening, the base material should be center punch tested for suitability of powder actuated fastenings (see pg. 1).

4. Close tool by pulling the barrel back to the closed position. Never attempt to close the tool by exerting force on the front of the barrel. Never place your fingers or hands over the muzzle end of the barrel. The proper position of the hands and fingers are shown in the illustration.

5. With the tool in the closed position. 1. Place the tool against the materials to be fastened. Hold the tool firmly with one hand and completely depress the tool. Place other hand firmly against the back of the handle housing. 2. Pull the trigger. Always hold the tool firmly and perpendicular to the work surface. Excessive recoil may be experienced if the tool is not held firmly against the work surface. **Do not depress the tool in any manner except against the work surface.** If the tool does not fire after pulling the trigger, hold the tool firmly against the material for 30 seconds. Remove the tool from the work surface, open the barrel to reset the piston. Re-chamber the load and repeat firing sequence. If the tool fails to fire again, hold for 30 seconds then remove the load and discard the load into a bucket of water.

6. To prepare for the next fastening, point the tool in a safe direction, and slide the barrel firmly forward. This action ejects the fired load out of the tool and properly resets the piston. The tool is now ready for the next fastening.

TROUBLESHOOTING

Tool operator must carefully follow all operating instructions and precautions to successfully operate the tool. Following is a list of potential situations an operator may encounter and the probable causes:

- If a tool problem occurs and technical assistance is required, please call 1-877-ITW-BRANDS (1-877-489-2726)

WARNING: Do not operate a tool that is not functioning properly.

CORRECTING DIFFICULTIES

ALWAYS CHECK INSTRUCTION MANUAL FOR PROPER ASSEMBLY OF PARTS

DIFFICULTY	PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY
Over driving of fastener (Piston overdrive)	Excessive power	Change to next lower power level load code and number (see pg. 1)
Soft base material	Check base material (see pg. 1)	

Tool fails to fire	Failure to depress tool completely	Tool must be held firmly and completely depressed before pulling the trigger
	Excessive dirt build up on firing mechanism.	Call for technical assistance

Tool does not completely depress	Misassembled or damaged firing mechanism parts	Call for technical assistance
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Reduction or loss of power and/or inconsistent fastener penetration	Tool requires cleaning	Clean tool thoroughly (see below)
	Barrel not returning to full front position	Barrel must be pulled completely forward to properly position the piston
	Hard base material	Check base material (see pg. 1)

Damaged pawl	Replace pawl (see below)	
Worn or damaged piston or piston ring	Replace piston assembly (see below)	

Fired cartridge will not extract	Tool not being opened completely	Firmly snap the tool open from the closed position
	Bent piston or damaged piston ring	Replace piston assembly (see below)
	Broken ejector tip on piston	Replace piston assembly (see below)
	Build-up of dirt in load chamber	Clean chamber with a detergent oil and wire brush (see below)
	Stuck fired load	Remove barrel assembly from tool. Disassemble barrel and piston assembly. Use a 1/8" dia. brass or aluminum rod to gently push load out of chamber.

Tool housing feels warm or hot to the touch	Re-firing tool too quickly	Allow to cool for several minutes before firing
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Unfired load will not extract	Load stuck in chamber	Never attempt to remove an unfired, live load from the chamber. Call for technical assistance
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Tool cannot be cocked	Lack of proper cleaning	Clean tool thoroughly
	Damaged or bent piston	Replace piston assembly (see below)

Broken or damaged tool parts	Tag tool with warning "Defective-Do Not Use", place tool in locked container and call for technical assistance	
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Piston stuck in down position	Piston overdriven and stuck in muzzle bushing	Be sure tool is unloaded; tap on hard surface or drive piston back with a lead or brass hammer. Replace buffer. Wear safety goggles.
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Chipped or damaged piston tip	Tool not held on work surface squarely. This allows the piston to slip off the head of the pin and cause damage to the piston.	Replace piston assembly (see below)
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Barrel tight, won't slide open easily	Excessive carbon buildup	Disassemble and clean tool (see below)
	Pieces of brass or steel jammed between the barrel and housing	Disassemble and clean parts (see below)
	Barrel pawl inoperative or damaged	Replace pawl (see below)

Barrel slides open too easily	Bent piston	Replace piston assembly (see below)
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	Pawl cap loose.	Tighten pawl cap (see below)
	Barrel pawl spring too weak or missing	Replace pawl spring

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MasterShot

Lee el reverso primero

PRECAUCIÓN! Asegúrese de leer y comprender todas las medidas de seguridad y conteste el Examen del Operador antes de hacer funcionar la herramienta. Revise para asegurarse de que está descargada la herramienta y de que no haya objetos extraños ni sujetadores en el barril. Realice la prueba diaria de funcionamiento antes de utilizar la herramienta.

FUNCIONAMIENTO

Revise el funcionamiento de la herramienta sin carga de pólvora ni sujetador en aquella; para ello, empújela contra la superf